

Peer-to-Peer Networks 9 Skip-Net and Skip-Graph

Christian Schindelhauer Technical Faculty Computer-Networks and Telematics University of Freiburg

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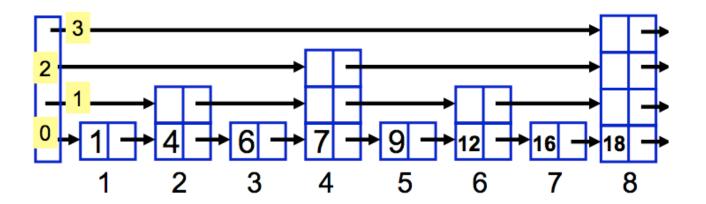
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Start with a directly connected list

 $L \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8$

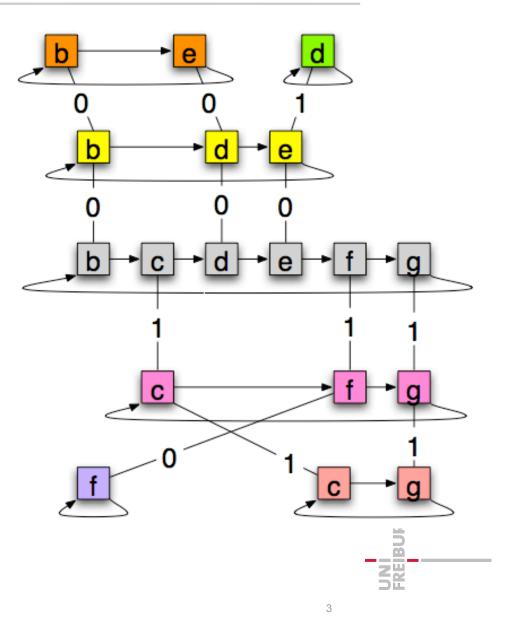
- Toss a coin to select nodes with probability 50%
- Connect elements in the next level as simple directed list
- Repeat recursively until no elements are left



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Skip-Graphs CoNe Freiburg

- J. Aspnes and G. Shah.
 Skip graphs, 2003
- Idea
 - "Heads" and "Tails" of a coin toss recursively participate in an own game
- Properties
 - highly resilient
 - Diameter and degree O(log n) with high probability
 - Ordering of data remains



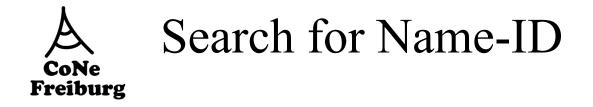


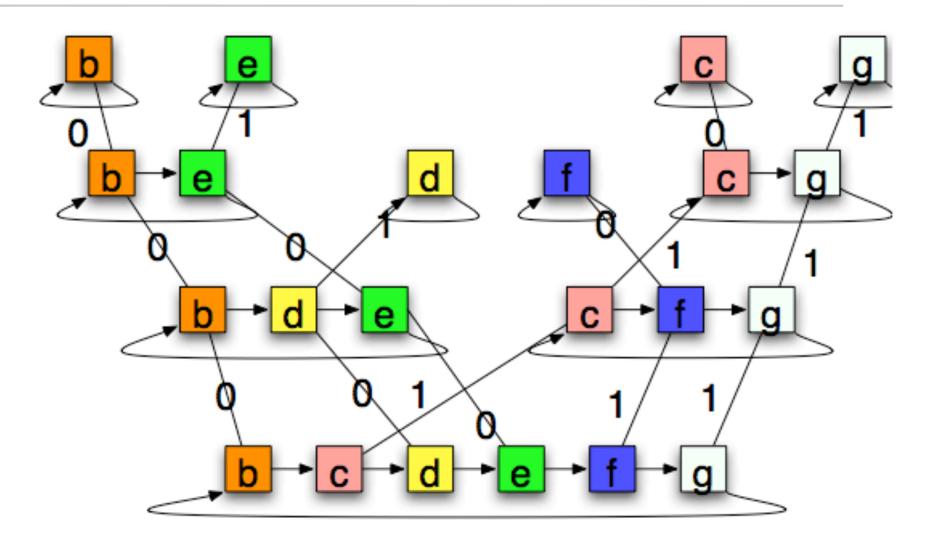
- Same data structure invented twice in parallel
- Harvey, Jones, Saroiu, Theimer, Wolman, SkipNet: A Scalable Overlay Network with Practical Locality Properties 2003
- Prinziple
 - Data is sorted stored on peers on a ring
 - Node-ID serves as random number for skip-graph
- Lookup for Data
 - Choose the farthest pointer on the ring which does not pass the peer storing the data

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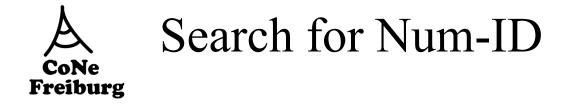
- Lookup for numeric node-ID
 - Recursively choose ring with same prefix
- # hops: O(log n) w.h.p.
 - if the node-IDs are chosen randomly

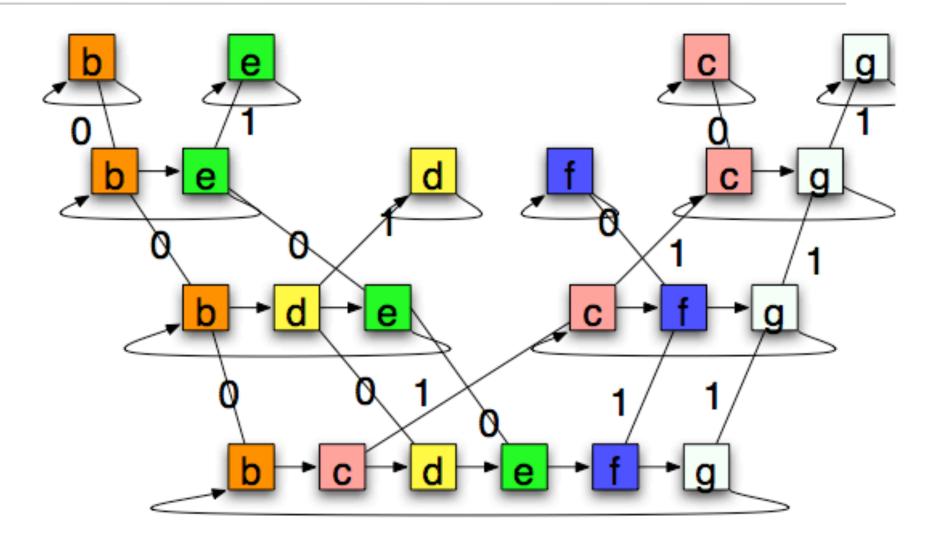




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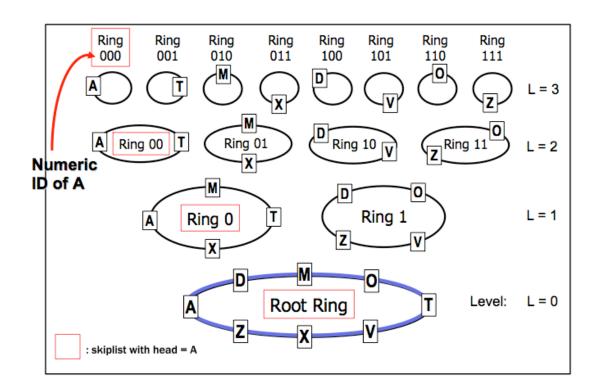


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 From: P2P Network Structured Networks of Pedro Garcia Lopez, Universitat Rovira I Virgili



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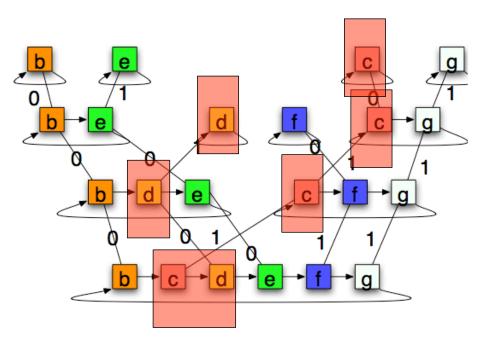
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- J. Aspnes and G. Shah. Skip graphs, 2003
- Algorithm
 - Lookup of correct place according to node name
 - Insertion into higher ranks
- Runtime: O(log n) hops and O(log n) messages with high probability



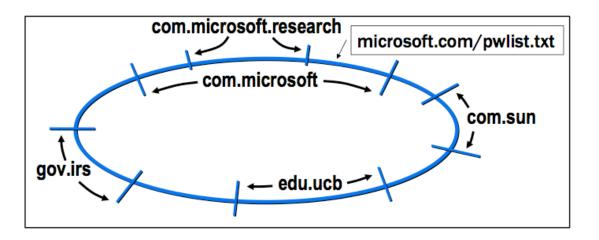
- Independent Node failurs
 - can be compensated by using the upper rings
- Partial network failures
 - can be repaired by removing the partial ring in higher levels



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A Locality of Content and Routing

- Locality of content
 - underlying ordering
- Alternative mapping of data
 - data can be stored using num-id
- Locality of Routing
 - if the hosts are sorting along domains then local routing within a domain can be facilitated where possible

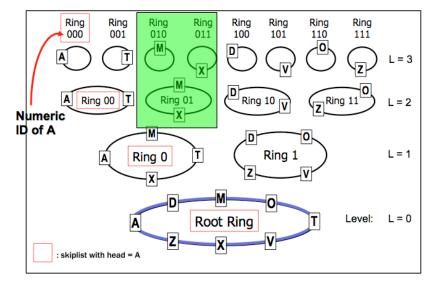


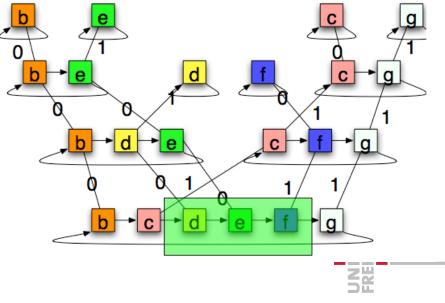
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- Num-ID range search
- Name-ID range search
- Intersection of Num-ID and Name-ID
- Running time:
 - O(log n) for first element
 - Then constant time for each successing elements







- Increase the basis
 - e.g. use dice instead of coin
 - reduces degree
 - increases diameter
- Replace duplicate pointers
 - with more pointers

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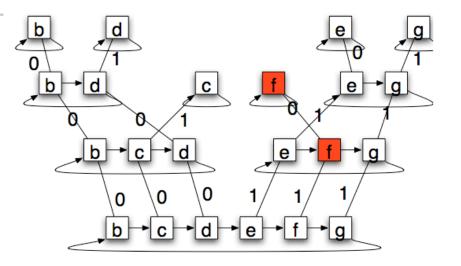
- Omit Hash Table
- Single Overlay
 - Use numbering of Chord in Chord
- Multiple Overlay
 - Use multiple P2P network structures at the same time

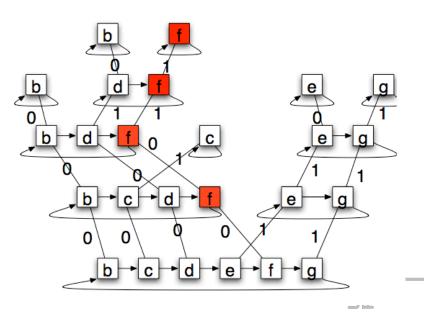
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Skip-Net with Random Numbers

- Harvey, Munro, "Deterministic Skip-Net"
- Rotation of nodes if unbalance is detected
- Rotation:
 - Insert a node in the other layer if there is a too long sequence of same level nodes
- Rebalance Skip-Net
- Network construction without randomness and without probabilistic analysis
- Lookup: O(log n) in the worst case







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